

Andhra Christian College, Guntur

Department of Zoology
Add On Certificate Course on
Vermicompost Technology

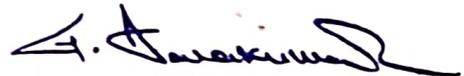
NOTICE

Date: 11-07-2019

The Department of Zoology is conducting a 30 hour Certificate Course on "Vermicompost Technology" for B.Sc students from Monday the 15-07-2019. All the students who are willing to join the certificate course are directed to give their names to the Head, Dept. of Zoology on or before Wednesday the 13-07-2019. The course will commence from 15-07-2019.



Head
Department of Zoology



PRINCIPAL
ANDHRA CHRISTIAN COLLEGE
GUNTUR

Copy to:

1. The Coordinator, IQACS
2. The Office Manager

DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

CERTIFICATE COURSE IN VERMICOMPOST TECHNOLOGY

Vermicomposting truly is nature's great disappearing act! Aristotle once said, "*Worms are the Intestines of the Earth*". Using worms to convert decomposing food waste into nutrient-rich fertilizer is simple, inexpensive, energy efficient, and a great way to teach students to become life-long recyclers.

Vermicomposting technology is known throughout the world, albeit in limited areas. It may be considered a widely spread, though not necessarily popular technology. As a process for handling organic residuals, it represents an alternative approach in waste management, inasmuch as the material is neither land filled nor burned but is considered a resource that may be recycled. In this sense, vermicomposting is compatible with sound environmental principles that value conservation of resources and sustainable practices. Vermicomposting is akin to composting in that similar feedstock-organic residuals are used. Both systems utilize microbial activity to break down organic matter in the moist, aerobic environment. Vermicomposting is however faster, produces fewer odors and produces a superior product. But vermicomposting requires greater surface area, more moisture, and is susceptible to heat, high salt levels, high ammonia levels, and substances that may be toxic to earthworms. Of the 4400 identified earthworm species, specific species of litter dwelling earthworms are required for this purpose. Vermicomposting in developing countries could prove to be useful in many instances. Where accumulation of food wastes, paper, cardboard, agriculture waste, manures and biosolids is problematic, composting and vermicomposting offer potential to turn waste material into a valuable soil amendment. In the past ten years an organization in India has promoted over 3,000 farmers and institutions to switch from conventional chemicals to the organic fertilizer, vermicompost. Vermiculture enables any scale or size of operation. Vermicompost is being used in over 1, 00,000 hectare cultivated area in almost all agro-climatic zones in India.

Noted for its ability to increase organic matter and trace minerals in soil,

vermiculture has been the primary focus at Maharashtra Agricultural Bioteks in India, an organization that has initiated both commercial and educational ventures to promote vermiculture. In 1985, Maharashtra Agricultural Bioteks was formed and established a small plant to manufacture vermicompost from agricultural waste. Those involved believed that a successful commercial venture based on regenerative principles might convince others to

adapt sustainable practices. The organization currently produces 5,000 tons of vermicompost annually. Its real achievement, however, has been in raising awareness among farmers, researchers and policy makers in India about regenerative food production methods. The group is directly responsible for 2,000 farmers and horticulturalists adopting vermicomposting. These converts have begun secondary dissemination of the principles they were taught.

In 1991-1992, Maharashtra Bioteks and the India Department of Science And Technology promoted the adoption of vermicompost technology in 13 states in India. The group has also established a vermicompost unit with Chitrakoot Gramodaya University, Madhya Pradesh which produces five tons of vermicompost per month. Educational institutes in Maharashtra & other states have started conducting certificate/diploma/regular courses on vermiculture, vermiculture biotechnology, and vermiculture & vermicompost technology. The duration of courses ranges from 10 days to six months. The Department of Zoology Is conducting this program.

Aims & Objective:

- ❖ Students will be able to compost in a limited space and describe the decomposing process.
 - ❖ The interested students will get the knowledge of composting,
 - ❖ Students will get the employment,
 - ❖ They can generate employments,
 - ❖ They will also turn towards organic farming,
 - ❖ Will help to maintain the environment pollution free and
 - ❖ Will get the knowledge of biodiversity of local earthworms.
- The detail of the course is as follows:

FOCUS:

To convert unwanted, organic matter, particularly food scraps and paper into fertile soil.

Name of the course: Certificate Course in Vermicompost technology

- Level: Certificate
- Stream: Science or any stream
- Subject: Vermiculture/ vermicompost

Eligibility : 10+2

Duration: 3.5 months i.e. 105 days

Language: English

Intake: 20 seats

Selection /Admission Criteria: First come first serve

Attendance: 90%

Lecture/practical timing: 3.30 PM to 4.30 PM

Academic calendar for the course: Five days in a week (4days theory periods & 1day practical)

Available infrastructure: Well equipped laboratory, small & large scale vermiculture units

Teaching Staff: Qualified, Experienced Guest Lecturers & eminent professors will be invited.

Non teaching staff: 1lab assistant & 2 lab attendants.

Examination structure & schedule:

At the end of course the examination will be conducted. Its notice & time table will be displayed for communication to the students at least before 15 days of the date of examination.

1. Course VT-01 Theory paper (objective/short answer type) = 50marks, Two hours duration.
2. Course VT-02 Practical paper =50 marks, two hours duration

Marking scheme & Award of grades: Average of the marks obtained in each paper will be calculated as: $50+50+100/2 = 50$;

- i) 8-10 marks = 1point, C' grade – pass;
- ii) 10-20 marks = 2 points, B' grade;

- iii) 20-30 marks = 3points, B+ grade;
- iv) 30-40 marks =4points, A' grade;
- v) 40-50 marks =5points, A+ grade

Award of Certificate carrying grades: after successful completion of course colorful certificate indicating grade will be awarded to the candidate.

Reservation: NA

COURSE CONTENT: SYLLABUS/PROGRAM:

SCHEME

Vermicompost technology as one of the Certificate Course at undergraduate level

Credits to be earned	:04
Theory paper	:03credits
Practical course/paper	:01

Proposed distribution of the course structure

Sr.No.	Code	Title of the paper	Credit pattern in L:T:P	Credit value
1	VTT - 01	Vermicompost technology	3:0:0	03
2	VTP - 02	Vermicompost technology related to theory (VTP – 01)	0:0:1	01

Open selective course for any students enrolled in the College from different disciplines.

Title of the Course: Certificate Course in Vermicompost technology

THEORY COURSE VT -01

Theory

3 Credits

	Unit-I General Vermiculture/ Vermicompost	12Hrs
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1	Introduction to vermiculture. definition, meaning, history, economic important, their value in maintenance of soil structure, role as four r's of recycling reduce, reuse, recycle, restore.	
2	His role in bio transformation of the residues generated by human activity and production of organic fertilizers. How does nature works.	
3	The matter and humus cycle (product, qualities). Ground population, transformation process in organic matter.	
4	Choosing the right worm. Useful species of earthworms. Local species of earthworms. Exotic species of earthworms. Complementary activities of autoevaluation.	
	Unit-II Earthworm Biology and Rearing	12Hrs
5	Key to identify the species of earthworms.	
6	Biology of Eisenia fetida. a) Taxonomy Anatomy, physiology and reproduction of Lumbricidae. b) Vital cycle of Eisenia fetida: alimentation, fecundity, annual reproducer potential and limit factors (gases, diet, humidity, temperature, PH, light, and climatic factors). Complementary activities of auto evaluation.	
7	Biology of Eudrilus eugeniae. c) Taxonomy Anatomy, physiology and reproduction of Eudrilidae. d) Vital cycle of Eudrilus eugeniae: alimentation, fecundity, annual reproducer potential and limit factors (gases, diet, humidity, temperature, PH, light, and climatic factors). Complementary activities of auto evaluation.	
	Unit-III Vermicompost Technology (Methods and Products)	12Hrs
7	Small Scale Earthworm farming for home gardens - Earthworm compost for home gardens	
8	Conventional commercial composting - Earthworm Composting larger scale	
9	- Earthworm Farming (Vermiculture), Extraction (harvest), vermicomposting harvest and processing.	

10	Nutritional Composition of Vermicompost for plants, comparison with other fertilizers	
11	Vermiwash collection, composition & use	
12	Enemies of Earthworms, Sickness and worm's enemies. Frequent problems. How to prevent and fix them. Complementary activities of auto evaluation.	
	Unit-IV Applied vermiculture.	12Hrs
13	a) The working group experience with <i>E. fetida</i> populations compartment with farm industrial residues (frigorific, cow places, feed-lot, aviaries exploitations, and solid urban residues). b) Lineaments to vermicomposting elaboration projects.	
14	c) Considerations about economical aspects of this activity. Research and ratibility according to different exploitation orientations (worm's meat production, worm's humus production, or integrated projects). Toxins released by the worms (harmful effects) Complementary activities of auto evaluation.	

Advantage of the Course & Future Prospects:

- I. Students can construct their own compost farm & thereby can get monthly income of Rs. 7000-8000.
- II. Students/ farmers by using vermicompost in their field can increase the crop yield.
- III. Students residing in cities can produce vermicompost in small scale for garden/household plants.
- IV. They can get the jobs in educational institutes as vermicompost/vermiculture technician.
- V. The candidate can generate income by supplying verms, vermiwash, & vermicompost.
- VI. By developing & propagating vermicompost technology he/she will directly or indirectly help to prevent environmental pollution, by using vermicompost in the field & thereby increasing crop yield he will help to solve food problems.
- VII. It will lead towards organic farming & healthy food.
- VIII. In today's world, recycling of garbage has become necessary in order to sustain our health and environment. So let's join for

Andhra Christian College :: Guntur

Department of Zoology, ADD-ON Course 2019-2020

VERMICOMPOST

ATTENDANCE STATEMENT

Date of Course : July 15th to July 31st

Hours : 30 Hrs

Class / Group : B.Sc -

S. No	Regd. No.	Name	15th July	16th July	17th July	18th July	19th July	20th July	21st July	22nd July	23rd July	24th July	25th July	26th July	27th July	28th July	29th July	30th July	31st July
1	Y193022001	A. Lakshmi Kumari	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P
2	Y193022004	B. Abhinav	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P
3	Y193022005	B. Samuel	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P
4	Y193022006	B. Bhushanam	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P
5	Y193022009	B. Sahrudaya	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A
6	Y193022010	B. Chandrababdy	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P
7	Y193022011	C. Naga Raju	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P
8	Y193022012	C. Izack Abraham	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P
9	Y193022013	D. Ramya	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P
	Y193022016	G. Charan sundari	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P

S. No	Regd. No.	Name	15th July	16th July	17th July	18th July	19th July	20th July	21st July	22nd July	23rd July	24th July	25th July	26th July	27th July	28th July	29th July	30th July	31st July
11	V193022017	J. Terejamma	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P
12	V193022019	K. Manasa	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P
13	V193022021	Y. Sriathi	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P
14	V193022023	M. Sireesha	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P
15	V193022024	M. Adarsh	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
16	V193022025	M. Hemalatha	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P
17	V193022027	M. Stevensm	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	A	P	P	P
18	V193022028	N. Elisha Babu	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P
19	V193022029	N. Dileep Kumar	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
20	V193022030	P. Yesu Babu.	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P

T. Subbarao

Signature of the Faculty

- T. Subbarao
- P.M. Joshi

Principal

"Ye shall know the Truth and the Truth shall set you free"

Andhra Christian College::Guntur

(Day, II Shift & P. G.)

Accredited with A-grade by NAAC



Estd. 1885

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Mr. / Ms. Y. Anjali,

Class 951, Regd. No. Y193022058 has participated and successfully completed Certificate Course in **Vermicompost Technology** conducted by the Department of Zoology from 15-07-2019 to 31-07-2019.

J. Kanakavathi
Coordinator

T. Subramanian
Principal

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Andhra Christian College::Guntur
(Day, II Shift & P. G.)
Accredited with A-grade by NAAC



Estd. 1885

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Mr. / Ms. C. Izaak Abraham,
Class B.Sc, Regd. No. Y19 30 22013 has participated and successfully completed
Certificate Course in **Vermicompost Technology** conducted by the Department of Zoology from
15-07-2019 to 31-07-2019.

J. Kanakavalli
Coordinator

T. Hitesh Kumar
Principal